Indirect Speech

Mit der indirekten Rede (indirect / reported speech) gibt man wieder, was jemand gesagt hat.

Peter: "Ich mag das Eis!"

Klaus zu Bob: "Peter hat gesagt, dass er das Eis mag."

1. Einleitung mit einem reporting verb

Die indirekte Rede wird von einem Verb des Sagens (reporting verb) eingeleitet, z.B.

I said that	Ich sagte, dass
She <i>told</i> me that	Sie erzählte mir, dass
They explained that	Sie erklärten, dass

Danach folgt bei einem Aussagesatz ein *that* ("dass"). Das *that* kann auch wegfallen: *Susan says that she likes cats.* = *Susan says she likes cats.*

2. Pronomen verändern sich:

Wie man oben sieht, verändern sich in der indirekten Rede manchmal die Pronomen – je nach dem, mit wem man spricht. So wird oben aus "ich" in der indirekten Rede "er", weil der Sprecher Peter ein Mann ist. Im Englischen genauso:

Susan to Klaus: "I like you!"

Klaus to Bob: "Susan said that **she** liked **me**!"

3. Orts- und Zeitangaben ändern sich:

this town	that town
these houses	those houses
today	that day
now	then
a week ago	a week before
last weekend	the weekend before / the previous weekend
tomorrow	the next day / the following day
here	there
next month	the month after that

3. Bei einem reporting verb in der Vergangenheit (hier: said) ändern sich die Zeiten.

will-future -> would + Infinitiv:	going-to-future -> was/were going to + Infinitiv:	
Bob will help Ken.	Bob is going to help Ken.	
would + Infinitiv:	was / were going to + Infinitiv:	
He said that Bob would help Ken.	He said that Bob was going to help Ken.	

simpl	e present -> simple past:	present progressive -> past progressive:	
Bob he	elps Ken.	Bob is helping Ken.	
5	simple past -> past perfect:	past progressive -> past perf. prog.	
]	He said that Bob <i>helped</i> Ken.	Bob was helping Ken.	
	past perfect:	past perfect progressive:	
	Bob had helped Ken.	Bob had been helping Ken.	

present p	erfect -> past perfect:	present perfect progressive -> past perf. progr.	
Bob has he	elped Ken.	Bob has been helping Ken.	
	past perfect	past perfect progressive	
	Bob had helped Ken.	Bob had been helping Ken.	

4. Fragen in der indirekten Rede

Fragen werden in der indirekten Rede genauso wiedergegeben wie Aussagesätze – d.h. mit Änderung der Pronomen, Orts- und Zeitangaben und gegebenenfalls backshift of tenses. Statt that verwenden wir hier jedoch if ("ob") oder ein Fragewort (who, why, what ...).

Mary: "Is your sister at home?" Mum: "Why didn't you call me?"

Mary asked me **if** my sister was at home. Mum wanted to know **why** I hadn't called her.

5. Befehle in der indirekten Rede

Um einen Befehl wiederzugeben, verwendet man ein **Verb des Befehlens** (meist *ask sb. to do sth.*) mit <u>Objekt</u> und (*not*)-to-infinitive.

Mum: Tidy up your room! Teacher: "Don't talk!"

My mum **asked** me to tidy up my room. The teacher **told** the students not to talk.

EXERCISE 1 Schreibe in indirekte Rede um. Weil das *reporting verb* in der Gegenwart steht, musst du die Zeit der Verben nicht ändern. Achte nur auf Änderung der Person.

Ken tells me:	Ken tells me that
"You're my friend."	I am his friend.
"I'm in trouble."	he's in trouble.

a) Joseph: "We always spend the summer holidays in Greece be there."	ecause we have	e a house
	olidave in Cros	as hossuss
Joseph says that he and his family always spend the summer he	ondays in Gree	ce because
have a house there.		
b) Mara: "Jane told me everything." – Mara says that Jane told		everything.
c) Steve: "You are an idiot." – Steve tells me that am an idiot.		
d) Kate: "I'm cold." – Kate says that is cold.		
e) Moira: "They aren't listening." Moira complains that		•
f) Ken: "I came home late." Ken says that		

EXERCISE 2 Schreibe in indirekte Rede um. Hier ist das *reporting verb* in der Vergangenheit – das heißt, die Zeiten müssen verändert werden. Alle Sätze sind im *simple past* oder *present perfect* – das heißt, die Verben müssen ins past perfect (I had played) gesetzt werden.

I play	I had played
I have played	
I didn't play	I hadn't played
I haven't played	
1	1 1 1
was / were	had been

a) Biff: "I saw him."	
Biff claimed that he him.	
b) The twins: "We have finished our homework."	
The twins told their mum that they	their homework.
c) Jacob: "I have read your book."	
Jacob told me that he my book.	
d) Moira: "My son never answered my letters."	
Moira complained that her son	her letters.
e) Lucy: "They repaired the bikes."	
Lucy informed us that they	the bikes.
f) Walter: "I have prepared everything."	
Walter announced that he	everything.

g) Robin: "I didn't open y	our present."		
Robin said to Elena that h	e	her <u>լ</u>	present.
h) Sven: "I had no idea."			
Sven claimed that he		no idea.	
i) Saki: "I haven't seen yo			
Saki said to Benjamin and	Tom that she		their friend.
,			
EXERCISE 3 Present progr	essive, past progressive, p	resent perfect progre	essive oder going-to-future
– hier musst du nur die Fo	orm von <i>to be</i> ändern. Se	etze in die indirekt	e Rede.
	am, is, are		
	was / were	had been	
	has been / have been	had been	
a) Rob: "He is working in	the garden!"		
Rob announced that he	working in	n the garden.	
b) Jack: "They were waiting	ng for the bus."		
Jack explained that they _	for the bu	ıs.	
c) Grandma: "I was makii	ng a cake."		
Grandma told me that she	e making	g a cake.	
d) Kim: "I'm going to find	l him!"		
Kim shouted that she	going to find	d him.	
e) My brothers: "We aren	't coming to the party."		
My brothers said that they	y coming	g to the party.	
f) Nick: "You are going to	be disappointed."		
Nick promised that I	going to be d	lisappointed.	
g) Ruth: "She is sleeping."	"		
Ruth said that she	sleeping.		
h) You: "I was reading."			
You said that you reading.			
EXERCISE 4 Will-future.	Setze in die indirekte Re	ede!	
	T 111	1.1	
	I will go I v	would go	
a) Professor Smith: "I will	help them."		
Professor Smith promised	•		
b) Lady McQueen: "They			
Lady McQueen predicted			
c) Doctor Rider: "The time			

Doctor Rider convinced us that		
d) Martin: "You'll find the answer."		
Martin said that		
EXERCISE 5 Alle Zeiten gemischt.		
Jenny:	Jenny told me that	
a) I'm going to fly to London.	she was going to fly to London.	
b) Peter was in Chicago.		
c) I'll finish the task later.		
d) She is crying.		
e) They have arrived.		
f) You're right.		
g) He called me.		
h) Ken had written to my parents.		
i) I wouldn't do that.		
j) Lisa didn't leave.		
k) Lisa and Ken aren't studying.		
1) I like cats.		
m) They must be quiet.		
n) You were crying.		
o) They've been mowing the lawn.		
EXERCISE 6 Fragen. Schreibe die Fragen in indirekte Rede um.		
Jenny:	Jenny wanted to know	
a) "Will they come?"		
b) "Why did she leave?"		
c) "Who bought that chair?"		
d) "What have you done?"		
e) "Are you listening?"		
f) "What has he been writing?"		
g) "When did they arrive?"		
h) "Is he going to help?"		
i) "Why was he late?"		
j) "How can I help?"		
k) "What did they eat?"		
l) "When will they deliver the pizza?"		
m) "Did you see that man?"		

EXERCISE 7 Commands. Übersetze die Befehle in indirekte Rede.

Jenny:	Jenny told me
a) "Come back right now!"	
b) "Leave the door open!"	
c) "Don't pet the dog!"	
d) "Don't read my diary!"	
e) "Talk to somebody else!"	
f) "Don't sit on the armrest of the	
sofa!"	
g) "Don't forget your umbrella!"	
h) "Put on a warm jacket!"	
i) "Please be quiet!"	
j) "Do the dishes!"	
k) "Stop taking my stuff!"	
l) "Don't use my phone!"	
m) "Turn down the music!"	

EXERCISE 8 Zeit- und Ortsangaben. Wie heißt es in der indirekten Rede?

- 1. this evening
 - a) the next evening
 - b) this evening
 - c) that evening
- 2. today
 - a) that day
 - b) today
 - c) the day before
- 3. these cats
 - a) that cats
 - b) those cats
 - c) these cats
- 4. now
 - a) at this time
 - b) then
 - c) before

- 5. a year ago
 - a) last year
 - b) that year
 - c) a year before
- 6. here
 - a) there
 - b) at this place
 - c) back then
- 7. tomorrow
 - a) the next day
 - b) the following day
 - c) the previous day

EXERCISE 9 Hier sind nun alle Zeiten und Satzformen (Frage, Aussage, Befehl) gemischt. Schreibe in indirekte Rede um.

benefice it maneric reac uni.					
Example: Peter: I'd like to see the new movie.					
Peter said he would like to					
a) Lisa: Do you know why Jenny stopped meeting your brother?					
Lisa asked me					
b) Toby: I've been working really hard on this presentation and I hope I'll get a good mark.					
Toby said that					
c) Laura: My PE lesson yesterday was horrible because I wasn't feeling well.					
Laura told Jeff that					
d) Christine: I must thank Nick for lending me his book.					
Christine told her friends that					
Christine told her mends that					
e) Kathrin: My parents visited my aunt yesterday.					
Kathrin mentioned that					
f) Martin: I'm going to fly to Spain. What are you going to do during the holidays?					
Martin told the twins that					
and asked them					
g) Sarah: Don't open this door!					
Sarah advised us					
h) Philipp: Enjoy yourself!					
Philipp told her					
i) Steve: I didn't go to school yesterday.					
Steve explained that					
j) Mrs Miller: It's not that difficult.Try again!					
Mrs Miller said that					
and encouraged her students					
k) Debbie: Don't enter my room when I've left!					
Debbie forbade me					
l) Jimmy: Have you finished your essay on German literature?					
Jimmy wanted to know					
m) Carl: You're so annoying, Nick! Stop throwing paper balls at me!					
Carl complained that Nick					
and told him					
o) Peter: When did you arrive?					
Peter asked Sam					
p) Jenny: Please do not disturb me now!					
Jenny asked us					

q) Mira: Did Tony really invite these girls to his party? Mira wanted to know
r) Michael: I'm going to go to college next year.
Michael said that
s) Danny: Can you help me with this homework?
Danny asked Linda
EXERCISE 10. Schreibe in direkte Rede um.
a) Nick told me that he had been too late the week before.
Nick: ""
b) Samuel asked me if I knew when the train was going to leave.
Samuel:
c) Damian said he wouldn't go to school the next day.
Damian:
d) Sarah complained that those tasks were too difficult.
Sarah:
e) James told me not to touch anything in the museum.
James:
f) Sally asked her friend if she could clean the kitchen for her.
Sally:
g) Carl explained that he hadn't had the time to prepare his presentation the day before.
Carl:
h) Carol said she didn't know what to do about the test.
Carol:
i) The teacher told the students to be quiet.
Teacher:
j) My friend said it was going to be difficult to get a book from the library during the
holidays.
My friend:
k) Kelly's brother shouted that he would never work for that man.
Kelly's brother:
l) The children were asking if their teacher would return before the holidays.
The children:

Lösungen

EXERCISE 1 a) Joseph: "We always spend the summer holidays in Greece because we have a house there."

Joseph says that he and his family always spend the summer holidays in Greece because they have a house there.

- b) Mara: "Jane told me everything." Mara says that Jane told her everything.
- c) Steve: "You are an idiot." Steve tells me that I am an idiot.
- d) Kate: "I'm cold." Kate says that she is cold.
- e) Moira: "They aren't listening." Moira complains that they aren't listening.
- f) Ken: "I came home late." Ken says that he came home late.

EXERCISE 2 a) Biff claimed that he had seen him.

- b) The twins told their mum that they had finished their homework.
- c) Jacob told me that he had read my book.
- d) Moira complained that her son had never answered her letters.
- e) Lucy informed us that they had repaired the bikes.
- f) Walter announced that he had prepared everything.
- g) Robin said to Elena that he **hadn't opened** her present.
- h) Sven claimed that he had had no idea.
- i) Saki said to Benjamin and Tom that she hadn't seen their friend.

EXERCISE 3

a) Rob: "He is working in the garden!"

Rob announced that he was working in the garden.

b) Jack: "They were waiting for the bus."

Jack explained that they had been waiting for the bus.

c) Grandma: "I was making a cake."

Grandma told me that she **had been** making a cake.

d) Kim: "I'm going to find him!"

Kim shouted that she was going to find him.

e) My brothers: "We aren't coming to the party."

My brothers said that they weren't coming to the party.

f) Nick: "You are going to be disappointed."

Nick promised that I was going to be disappointed.

g) Ruth: "She is sleeping."

Ruth said that she was sleeping.

h) You: "I was reading."

You said that you had been reading.

EXERCISE 4 a) Professor Smith promised that he would help them.

- b) Lady McQueen predicted that they would be on time.
- c) Doctor Rider convinced us that the time machine would work.
- d) Martin said that **you would find the answer.**

EXERCISE 5 Alle Zeiten gemischt.

Jenny:	Jenny told me that	
a) I'm going to fly to London.	she was going to fly to London.	
b) Peter was in Chicago.	Peter had been in Chicago.	

c) I'll finish the task later.	she would finish the task later.	
d) She is crying.	she was crying.	
e) They have arrived.	they had arrived.	
f) You're right.	I was right.	
g) He called me.	he had called her.	
h) Ken had written to my parents.	Ken had written to her parents.	
i) I wouldn't do that.	she wouldn't do that.	
j) Lisa didn't leave.	Lisa hadn't left.	
k) Lisa and Ken aren't studying.	Lisa and Ken weren't studying.	
l) I like cats.	she liked cats.	
m) They must be quiet.	they had to be quiet.	
n) You were crying.	you had been crying.	
o) They've been mowing the lawn.	they had been mowing the lawn.	

$\textbf{EXERCISE 6} \ \textbf{Fragen}. \ \textbf{Schreibe} \ \textbf{die} \ \textbf{Fragen} \ \textbf{in} \ \textbf{indirekte} \ \textbf{Rede} \ \textbf{um}.$

Jenny:	Jenny wanted to know	
a) "Will they come?"	if they would come.	
b) "Why did she leave?"	why she had left.	
c) "Who bought that chair?"	who had bought that chair.	
d) "What have you done?"	what I had done.	
e) "Are you listening?"	if I was listening.	
f) "What has he been writing?"	what he had been writing.	
g) "When did they arrive?"	when they had arrived.	
h) "Is he going to help?"	if he was going to help.	
i) "Why was he late?"	why he had been late.	
j) "How can I help?"	how she could help.	
k) "What did they eat?"	what they had eaten.	
l) "When will they deliver the pizza?"	when they would deliver the pizza.	
m) "Did you see that man?"	if I had seen that man.	

EXERCISE 7 Commands. Übersetze die Befehle in indirekte Rede.

Jenny:	Jenny told me	
a) "Come back right now!"	to come back right now (then).	
b) "Leave the door open!"	to leave the door open.	
c) "Don't pet the dog!"	not to pet the dog.	
d) "Don't read my diary!"	not to read her diary.	
e) "Talk to somebody else!"	to talk to somebody else.	
f) "Don't sit on the armrest of the sofa!"	not to sit on the armrest of the sofa.	
g) "Don't forget your umbrella!"	not to forget my umbrella.	
h) "Put on a warm jacket!"	to put on a warm jacket.	
i) "Please be quiet!"	to be quiet.	
j) "Do the dishes!"	to do the dishes.	
k) "Stop taking my stuff!"	to stop taking her stuff.	
l) "Don't use my phone!"	not to use her phone.	
m) "Turn down the music!"	to turn down the music.	

EXERCISE 8 Zeit- und Ortsangaben. Wie heißt es in der indirekten Rede?

1. this e	goning	5 2 2/02/	r 200	
1. uns e		5. a year ago		
d)	the next evening	d)	last year	
e)	this evening	e)	that year	
f)	that evening	f)	a year before	
2. today		6. here		
d)	that day	d)	there	
e)	today	e)	at this place	
f)	the day before	f)	back then	
3. these	cats	7. tomo	rrow	
d)	that cats	d)	the next day	
e)	those cats	e)	the following day	
f)	these cats	f)	the previous day	
4. now				
d)	at this time			
e)	then			
f)	before			

EXERCISE 9

a) Lisa: Do you know why Jenny stopped meeting your brother?

Lisa asked me why Jenny had stopped meeting my brothers.

b) Toby: I've been working really hard on this presentation and I hope I'll get a good mark.

Toby said that he had been working really hard on this presentation and that he hoped he would get a good mark.

c) Laura: My PE lesson yesterday was horrible because I wasn't feeling well.

Laura told Jeff that her PE lesson the day before had been horrible because she hadn't been feeling well.

d) Christine: I must thank Nick for lending me his book.

Christine told her friends that she had to thank Nick for lending her his book.

e) Kathrin: My parents visited my aunt yesterday.

Kathrin mentioned that her parents had visited her aunt the day before.

f) Martin: I'm going to fly to Spain. What are you going to do during the holidays?

Martin told the twins that he was going to fly to Spain and asked them what they were going to do during the holidays.

g) Sarah: Don't open this door!

Sarah advised us not to open this door.

h) Philipp: Enjoy yourself!

Philipp told her to enjoy herself.

i) Steve: I didn't go to school yesterday.

Steve explained that he hadn't gone to school the day before.

j) Mrs Miller: It's not that difficult.

Mrs Miller said that it wasn't that difficult and encouraged her students to try again.

k) Debbie: Don't enter my room when I've left!

Debbie forbade me to enter her room when she had left.

1) Jimmy: Have you finished your essay on German literature?

Jimmy wanted to know if I / you ... had finished my / your ... essay on German literature.

m) Carl: You're so annoying, Nick! Stop throwing paper balls at me!

[INDIRECT SPEECH]

Carl complained that Nick was so annoying and told him to stop throwing paper balls at him.

o) Peter: When did you arrive?

Peter asked Sam when he had arrived.

p) Jenny: Please do not disturb me now!

Jenny asked us not to disturb him then.

q) Mira: Did Tony really invite these girls to his party?

Mira wanted to know if Tom had really invited those girls to his party.

r) Michael: I'm going to go to uni next year.

Michael said that he was going to go to college the following year.

s) Danny: Can you help me with this homework?

Danny asked Linda to help him with that homework.

EXERCISE 10 Schreibe in direkte Rede um.

a) Nick told me that he had been too late the week before.

Nick: I was late last week.

b) Samuel asked me if I knew when the train was going to leave.

Samuel: Do you know when the train is going to leave?

c) Damian said he wouldn't go to school the next day.

Damian: I won't go to school tomorrow.

d) Sarah complained that those tasks were too difficult.

Sarah: These tasks are too difficult.

e) James told me not to touch anything in the museum.

James: Don't touch anything in the museum.

f) Sally asked her friend if she could clean the kitchen for her.

Sally: Can you clean the kitchen for me?

g) Carl explained that he hadn't had the time to prepare his presentation the day before.

Carl: I didn't have the time to prepare my presentation yesterday.

h) Carol said she didn't know what to do about the test.

Carol: I don't know what to do about the test.

i) The teacher told the students to be quiet.

Teacher: Be quiet!

j) My friend said it was going to be difficult to get a book from the library during the holidays.

My friend: It's going to be difficult to get a book from the library during the holidays.

k) Kelly's brother shouted that he would never work for that man.

Kelly's brother: I will never work for that man! / I would never work for that man!

l) The children were asking if their teacher would return before the holidays.

The children: Will our teacher return before the holidays?